



DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENT, FOOD AND RURAL AFFAIRS
SCOTTISH GOVERNMENT
WELSH GOVERNMENT
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT NORTHERN IRELAND

No:

EXPORT OF PIGS TO THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

EXPORTING COUNTRY: UNITED KINGDOM

FOR COMPLETION BY: OFFICIAL VETERINARIAN

I. Identification of the animals

| Identification | Breed | Sex | Age |
|----------------|-------|-----|-----|
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II. Origin of the animals

(a) Name and address of exporter:
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(b) Name and address of premises of origin:
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(c) Name and address of isolation premises:
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.....
.....

(d) Duration of quarantine period:
Start date..... End Date.....

III. Destination of the animals

- (a) Name and address of consignee:
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.....
- (b) Address of premises of destination:
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.....
- (c) Means of transportation (including shipment date, departure airport, flight no.)
.....

IV. Health Information

I, the undersigned, certify that the pigs described above meet the following requirements:

- (a) The United Kingdom has been free from foot and mouth disease without vaccination in accordance with the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE) Terrestrial Animal Health Code during the past 12 months prior to loading. Vaccination against foot and mouth disease is not permitted in the United Kingdom;
- (b) No outbreak of the following diseases has occurred in the United Kingdom during the periods shown:
 - (i) classical swine fever, vesicular stomatitis and swine vesicular disease - during the past 24 months prior to shipment;
 - (ii) rinderpest and African swine fever - during the past 3 years prior to shipment.Vaccination against these diseases is not permitted in the United Kingdom;
- (c) the pigs described above were born and raised in the United Kingdom;
- (d) the pigs described above have never been vaccinated against brucellosis and Aujeszky's disease;
- (e) there has been no clinical, serological, pathological or microbiological evidence of the following diseases on the premises of origin prior to the commencement of export quarantine:
 - (i) porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome (PRRS), Aujeszky's disease, transmissible gastroenteritis, tuberculosis, rabies, Japanese encephalitis of swine, atrophic rhinitis, porcine epidemic diarrhoea - during the past one year;
 - (ii) anthrax, leptospirosis - during the past six months;
 - (iii) brucellosis, Teschovirus encephalomyelitis (Teschin disease) - during the past three years;
- (f) the pigs described above have been kept for a minimum of 30 days prior to export in an officially approved export quarantine facility which was cleansed and disinfected prior to use. They have not been in contact with other animals since the commencement of the quarantine period;

- (g) during the quarantine period referred to in paragraph IV(g), blood samples taken from the pigs described above were sent to the following Government-approved laboratory / laboratories (name(s)) and subjected to the following tests with negative results:
- (i) *Brucella suis* - *ELISA, *buffered brucella antigen test (BBAT) or *fluorescence polarization assay (FPA); sampling date:
 - (ii) *Brucella abortus* - *ELISA, *complement fixation test (CFT), *BBAT or *FPA; Sampling Date:
 - (iii) *Brucella melitensis* - *BBAT or *CFT; sampling date:
 - (iv) classical swine fever - *ELISA, *neutralizing peroxidase-linked assay (NPLA) or *fluorescent antibody virus neutralization test (FAVN); sampling date:
 - (v) porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome (PRRS) - *ELISA, *immunoperoxidase monolayer assay (IPMA) or *indirect fluorescent antibody test (IFA); sampling date:
 - (vi) transmissible gastro-enteritis - *ELISA or *serum eutralisation test (VN); sampling date:
 - (vii) Aujeszky's disease - *ELISA or *virus neutralisation (VN) to the whole AD virus. Two tests were carried out a minimum 30 days apart, the second test being within 15 days of loading. Sampling dates: &
- (h) on(date) during the quarantine period referred to in paragraph IV(g), the pigs described above were subjected to the single intradermal test for tuberculosis using bovine PPD tuberculin with negative results in each case (negative means an increase in skin thickness of no more than 2mm and no oedema when the test is read at 72 hours);
- (j) **EITHER**
- (i)* on..... (date) during the quarantine period referred to in paragraph IV(g), blood samples were taken from the animals and sent to a Government-approved laboratory (name of laboratory) where they were subjected to the microscopic agglutination test (MAT) using live antigen for leptospirosis with negative results (serotypes L. pomona, serjoe, hardjo, tarassovi, grippotyphosa) (negative means less than 50% agglutination at a dilution of 1:100); **OR**
 - (ii)* on (date), and on (date), being at an interval of 14 days and during the quarantine period referred to in paragraph IV(g), the animals were injected with streptomycin/dihydrostreptomycin (25mg/kg) or long acting tetracycline (20mg/kg) and examined and found to be free from clinical signs of leptospirosis at the time of treatment;
- (k) the pigs described above were subjected to clinical inspections during the quarantine period referred to in paragraph IV(g) and have remained in good health throughout;

SPECIMEN