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EXPORT OF BOVINE SEMEN TO TANZANIA

NOTES FOR GUIDANCE FOR OFFICIAL VETERINARIANS AND EXPORTERS

IMPORTANT

These notes provide guidance to Official Veterinarians (OV's) and exporters and should have been issued to you together with export certificate 5434EHC. These Notes for Guidance (NFG) are not intended to operate as a standalone document but in conjunction with certificate 5434EHC.

CERTIFICATE 5434EHC HAS NOT BEEN FORMALLY AGREED WITH THE AUTHORITIES IN THE IMPORTING COUNTRY.

Exporters are therefore strongly advised to verify the requirements of the importing country by contacting the veterinary authorities, or their representatives in the UK, in advance of each consignment. They should obtain an import permit and check this certificate against the requirements of the import permit

If the health requirements do not match, the exporter may choose to proceed with the export using certificate 5434EHC BUT STRICTLY AT EXPORTERS RISK.

Scope of the Certificate

Export health certificate 5434EHC may be semen from the United Kingdom to Tanzania d for the export of bovine use

Exporters and certifying official veterinarians must take particular note of the information on disclaimers at paragraph 8.

Certification by an Official Veterinarian (OV) 2.

This certificate may be signed by a Veterinary Officer of the Department or a Local Veterinary Inspector (LVI) appointed by the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra), the Scottish Government Bural Directorate, the Welsh Assembly Government Department for Rural Affairs or by an Authorised Veterinary Inspector (AVI) appointed by the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, Northern Instant (DARD), who is an Official Veterinarian (OV) on the appropriate export panel for export purposes.

OVs must sign and stamp the health certificate with the OV stamp in any ink colour OTHER THAN BLACK.

fied topy of the completed certificate must be sent to the Animal Health Specialist Service Centre - Exports - at Carlisle within seven days of signing, or in the case of Northern Ireland to DARD, Durdonald House, Belfast.

The OV should keep a copy for his/her own records.

3. Obtaining an import permit

The exporter/agent should be aware of the requirements of the importing country particularly with respect to the requirement for an import permit. The import permit number should be given in the health certificate at paragraph III 5).

4. Schedules

Paragraph I refers: A separate schedule may be used to identify the animals certified. This schedule must contain the same information as that required in paragraph I and paragraph I must be annotated "See attached schedule". Each page of the schedule must bear a page number and the health certificate reference number and must be signed, dated

and stamped by the Official Veterinarian (OV).

The schedule must be stapled inside the health certificate and the OV should "fan" and stamp over the pages of the schedule and certificate. The top stapled corner of the schedule and certificate should be folded over and stamped also. Any blank spaces in the schedule or in paragraph I must be deleted with diagonal lines.

5. Laboratory tests

The OV must ensure that any laboratory carrying out pre-export testing is officially approved for this purpose by Defra or DARD.

In Great Britain (England, Wales and Scotland), the majority of preexport testing is carried out at the Veterinary Laboratories Agency (VLA) Laboratory, New Haw, Weybridge, Addlestone, Surrey, KT15 3NB, (Tel: 01932 341111). Some tests are carried out at VLA hasswade, Pentlands Science Park, Bush Loan, Penicuick, Midlothian, 2426 OPZ, (Tel: 0131 445 6169). Certain specialist tests are carried but at regional VLA laboratories.

In Northern Ireland, the majority of pre-export testing is carr at the Veterinary Sciences Division (VSD) Laboratory, Starmont, Belfast, BT4 3SD (tel: 028 9052 0011).

For operational reasons however, the laborator s involved may change periodically. Accordingly, the OV is adv sed to check with the VLA or smoles should be sent for to the laboratory concerned to the hable the tests to be VSD to determine to which laboratories s testing. Samples should always be sent to sufficiently in advance of the export date carried out and reported. If in doubt as as to the procedures for medium if any, dispatch of the y to take, the OV should collection, the requirement for transporsamples and the length of time a test is is li seek the advice of the relevant borato

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Sealing of the transport container
Paragraph IV 10) c) refers: The semen must be secured within a cryogenic container by a tamperproof seal applied in such a way that the container cannot be opened without breaking the seal. The number on the seal must be entered at paragraph III 3) on the health certificate.

If it is necessary to top to the container, topping up should be done in the presence of an Official Veterinarian (OV) who must apply a new tamperproof seal. The OV must endorse paragraph III 3) on the health certificate with the new seal number, giving name and signature and dating and stamping the endorsement in the margin of the certificate in any link colour other than black.

7. Notifiable disease clearance (form 618NDC)

ragraphs IV11) and 12) refer: OVs may certify paragraphs IV 11) and 12) on behalf of the Department provided written authority to do en obtained on form 618NDC from the local Animal Health onal Office (or equivalent in Northern Ireland).

8. Disclaimer

Exporters and certifying official veterinarians must be aware that this export health certificate, 5434EHC, takes into account the important recommendations by the World Animal Health Organisation (OIE) for trade in this commodity. Exporters and certifying official veterinarians must be aware that 5434EHC has not been officially agreed with Tanzania. Accordingly the exporter and the Official Veterinarian must note that use of 5434EHC for export of bovine semen from the United Kingdom to Tanzania is used at the exporter's risk. Official veterinarians should ensure that the exporter is aware of this.

The exporter should therefore be aware that 5434EHC does not take

the requirements of the importing country into account. It is the exporter's responsibility to check the certificate against any

relevant import permit or any advice provided by the competent authority in the importing country if these are available. If official advice is provided by authorities in the importing country or if an import permit is provided, the exporter must copy these to the Animal Health Specialist Service Centre - Exports - at Carlisle. If the advice or the permit do not match the assurances provided on 5434EHC, the exporter should contact the Animal Health Specialist Service Centre - Exports - at Carlisle via the link below:

http://animalhealth.defra.gov.uk/about/contact-us/tradeexports.html



