

EXPORT TO GHANA OF MEAT/MEAT PRODUCTS OF OVINE ORIGIN PRODUCED IN THE EUROPEAN UNION FROM ANIMALS RESIDENT IN EUROPEAN MEMBER STATES

NOTES FOR THE GUIDANCE OF OFFICIAL VETERINARIANS AND EXPORTERS

IMPORTANT

These notes provide guidance to Official Veterinarians (OVs) and exporters and should have been issued to you together with export certificate 7222EHC. These Notes for Guidance (NFG) are not intended to operate as a standalone document but in conjunction with certificate 7222EHC.

Exporters are strongly advised to verify the requirements of the importing country by contacting the veterinary authorities, or their representatives in the UK, in advance of each consignment.

1. SCOPE OF THE CERTIFICATE

Export health certificate 7222EHC may be used for the export of fresh/frozen meat or meat products of ovine origin from the United Kingdom to Ghana.

2. CERTIFICATION BY AN OFFICIAL VETERINARIAN (OV)

This certificate may be signed by a Veterinary Officer of the Department or a Local Veterinary Inspector (LVI) appointed by the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra), the Scottish Government Rural Directorate, the Welsh Assembly Government Department for Rural Affairs or by an Authorised Veterinary Inspector (AVI) appointed by the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, Northern Ireland, who is an Official Veterinarian (OV) on the appropriate export panel for export purposes.

OVs must sign and stamp the health certificate with the OV stamp in any ink colour **OTHER THAN BLACK**.

A certified copy of the completed certificate must be sent to Animal Health Specialist Service Centre - Exports - at Carlisle within seven days of signing, or in the case of Northern Ireland to DARD, Dundonald House, Belfast.

The OV should keep a copy for his/her own records.

3. OBTAINING AN IMPORT PERMIT

The exporter/agent should be aware of the requirements of the importing country particularly with respect to the requirement for an import permit.

4. TRANSMISSIBLE SPONGIFORM ENCEPHALOPATHIES (TSE's)

Paragraphs IV (a) and (c) refer: Paragraphs IV (a) and (c) may be certified on the basis that these are requirements of the TSE legislation (Regulation (EC) No. 999/2001, as transposed into national legislation), and that the UK competent authorities (Defra, the Devolved Administrations and the Food Standards Agency) ensure compliance with the legislation.

5. **FITNESS FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION**

Paragraphs IV (b), (d) and (e) refer: Paragraphs IV (b), (d) and (e) may be certified on the basis of the EU oval mark and evidence that the slaughterhouse, cutting plant, meat products plant (if applicable) and cold store are officially approved and operating in accordance with Regulations (EC) Nos. 852/2004, 853/2004 and 854/2004, as transposed into national legislation. Paragraph (d) may be certified on the basis of the microbiological monitoring required by Commission Regulation (EC) No. 2073/2005.

6. **RESIDUES AND OTHER UNAUTHORISED SUBSTANCES**

Paragraph IV (f) refers: Paragraph IV (f) may be certified on the basis of the results of the national surveillance scheme for residues, which EU approved meat establishments are subjected to. The national surveillance scheme implements Council Directives 96/22/EC and 96/23/EC and the HACCP requirements in Regulation (EC) 854/2004 also places an obligation on all EU approved meat establishments to ensure compliance with these Directives. These Directives are transposed into national legislation by The Animals and Animal Products (Examinations for Residues and Maximum Limits) Regulations 1997.

7. **TRANSPORT AND LOADING CONDITIONS**

Paragraph IV (g) refers: Official Veterinarians must be conversant with Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 laying down specific hygiene rules for food of animal origin which inter-alia lays down the requirements for transport of meat and meat products.

8. **NOTIFIABLE DISEASE CLEARANCE (FORM 618NDC)**

Paragraphs IV (h) and IV (j) i. refer: OV's may certify either paragraph IV (h) or paragraph IV (j) i. for ovine meat or meat products of UK origin on behalf of the Department provided written authority to do so has been obtained on form 618NDC from the Animal Health Specialist Service Centre - Exports - at Carlisle (or issuing office of DARD in Northern Ireland).

For fresh ovine meat originating from other EU member states Official Veterinarians should note that European Regulations do not permit the importation into EU member states of fresh meat from countries or regions where these notifiable diseases are present. Accordingly fresh meat legally imported from other EU member states will comply with these conditions and can be certified accordingly.

However for meat products originating from other EU member states Official Veterinarians should note that European Regulations do not permit the importation into EU member states of meat products from countries or regions where these notifiable diseases are present unless the products have been treated according to certain standards (as specified in Council Directive 2002/99/EC). Accordingly if the meat product has been imported from a country or region where these notifiable diseases are present, the OV must obtain certified evidence of such treatment to enable export from the UK.

9. **OMISSION OF PARAGRAPH "i"**

The omission of paragraph IV (i) is deliberate, to avoid confusion between "i" in use as a Roman numeral and "i" in purely alphabetical employment.

10. **HEAT TREATMENT STATEMENT**

Paragraph IV (j) ii. refers: Paragraph IV (j) ii. can be certified on the basis of examination of the records of heat treatment carried out in the plant(s) involved and awareness of the relevant chapters of the OIE Terrestrial Animal Health Codes for FMD and Rinderpest - http://www.oie.int/eng/info/en_fmd.htm
http://www.oie.int/eng/info/en_peste.htm

11. **DISCLAIMER**

The DEFRA disclaimer (Form 372DMR) will be issued to the exporter with this certificate for his/her information. The certificate is provided on the basis of information available at the time and may not necessarily comply fully with the requirements of the importing country. It is the exporter's responsibility to check the certificate against any relevant import permit or any advice provided by the competent authority in the importing country. If these do not match, the exporter should contact the Animal Health Specialist Service Centre - Exports - at Carlisle via the link below:

<http://www.defra.gov.uk/animalhealth/about-us/contact-us/centrops.htm>

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