



DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENT, FOOD AND RURAL AFFAIRS
SCOTTISH GOVERNMENT
WELSH GOVERNMENT

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, ENVIRONMENT AND RURAL AFFAIRS - NORTHERN IRELAND

EXPORT OF OVINE/CAPRINE* EMBRYOS/OVA* TO MONGOLIA

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

No:

EXPORTING COUNTRY: UNITED KINGDOM

FOR COMPLETION BY: OFFICIAL VETERINARIAN

I. Identification of the embryos/ova*:

Identification code ⁽¹⁾	Number of embryos/ ova*:	Date(s) of collection	Breed	Identification of female donor	Identification of male donor

⁽¹⁾ Explanation of identification code(s)

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II. Origin of the embryos/ova*:

(a) Name and address of approved embryo/ova collection team:

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(b) Registration number of approved embryo/ova collection team:

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(c) Name and address of consignor:

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.....

(d) The embryos/ova* will be sent from (place of loading):

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.....
.....

III. Destination of embryos/ova*:

(a) Name and address of consignee:
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(b) Means of transportation (including registration number of vehicle, flight number of aircraft or name of ship):
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(c) Number of seal on transport container:
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(d) Address of actual destination of embryos/ova*:
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.....

(e) Import permit number(s):
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IV. Health Information

I, the undersigned, certify that:

(1) the embryos/ova* described above were collected and processed in accordance with the requirements of United Kingdom (UK) legislation for trade in ovine/caprine* embryos/ova* by an officially approved embryo collection team;

(2) the female donor animals were healthy and were not showing any clinical signs of an infectious or contagious disease, including scrapie, at the time of collection of the embryos/ova*;

(3) in respect of animal health requirements other than scrapie:
the embryos/ova* came from female donors of the ovine/caprine* species which met the animal health requirements in UK legislation for trade in ovine/caprine* embryos/ova*;

(4) the flock/herd(s) of origin of the donor animal(s):
(i) were officially free during the period of residence of the donor animals of ovine and caprine brucellosis;
(ii) have been free from clinical signs of the following diseases for the period indicated:
(a) contagious agalactia (*Mycoplasma agalactiae*) for at least six (6) months;
(b) paratuberculosis, caseous lymphadenitis and brucellosis (*B. ovis* and *B. melitensis*) for at least twelve (12) months;
(c) pulmonary adenomatosis and maedi-visna (MV)/caprine arthritis/encephalitis (CAE) for at least three (3) years;
(d) Peste des petits ruminants (PPR) for at least three (3) years;

(5) in respect of SCRAPIE:

* EITHER

a) the flock(s)/herd(s) of origin of the female donor(s) are listed in the Scrapie Monitoring Scheme administered by Scotland's Rural College

(SRUC) at least as flocks/herds with a controlled risk for classical scrapie, which ensures compliance with the UK requirements for trade;

* OR

b) the donor ewes are an ARR/ARR prion protein genotype which is considered to be resistant to classical scrapie;

(6) In respect of bluetongue virus (BTV), the embryos/ova* were obtained from donor females which comply with at least one of the following conditions:

i. they were kept in a BTV free country or zone for a period of at least 60 days prior to, and at the time of, collection of the embryos/ova ; OR

*ii. they were subjected to a serological test according to the OIE Terrestrial Manual to detect antibodies to the BTV group, between 21 and 60 days after collection, with negative results; OR

*iii. they were subjected to an agent identification test for BTV according to the OIE Terrestrial Manual carried out on blood samples taken on the day of collection, with negative results;

(7) in respect of SCHMALLEMBERG VIRUS (SBV):

(a) no cases of Schmallenberg disease were recorded at the holding of origin of the embryo/ova donor for at least thirty (30) days prior to the first collection of embryos/ova for export, during collection of the embryos/ova and for at least thirty (30) days after the last collection of embryos/ova for export;

(b) the embryo donors have been subjected to either *a serological test to detect antibodies of Schmallenberg virus in a blood sample taken at least 28 days after embryo/ova collection with negative results; or *a serological test to detect antibodies of Schmallenberg virus in a blood sample taken on the day of insemination, with positive results, or *a PCR test on a blood sample taken on the day of insemination, with negative results;

(8) The United Kingdom is officially free from foot and mouth disease and ovine/caprine brucellosis.

* Delete as appropriate

Official Stamp:

Signed:.....RCVS
Official Veterinarian

.....
Name in block letters

Date

Address
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NOTES:

- (a) A separate certificate must be issued for each consignment of embryos/ova.
- (b) The original of this certificate must accompany the consignment to the place of destination.

(1) Identification code on embryo straw, or other sealed receptacle into which embryos were placed for freezing, which identifies country of origin, date of collection, species, breed, identity of donor and collection centre